







Publisher of scholarly journals since 1798

Work in partnership with societies and universities

Publish across Science, Social Sciences, Humanities, Technology, Arts and Medicine

**Global** publisher with offices in Beijing, Singapore, Tokyo, Oxford, Philadelphia and Melbourne (plus more)



Partner with innovators to **improve the publishing experience** for authors and make articles more discoverable (including Altmetric, Figshare, Kudos and ORCiD).























### Why publish?





- To build reputation
- To disseminate work on a global scale

#### Have you got:

- Something new to say?
- A solution to a current or difficult problem?
- A new development on a 'hot' topic in your field



Publishing - a necessary step in the research process





## What are you publishing?

- Are you publishing new methods and / or results?
- Are you reviewing or summarizing a particular area?
- Does it advance knowledge and understanding of a particular area?

Don't publish something of...

- No scholarly interest
- Out-of-date work
- A duplication of existing, published research
- Incorrect or unacceptable conclusions









#### Think about what you want to publish

- Letters: communicating advances quickly
  Reviews: offer a perspective, summarising recent
- developments on a significant topic

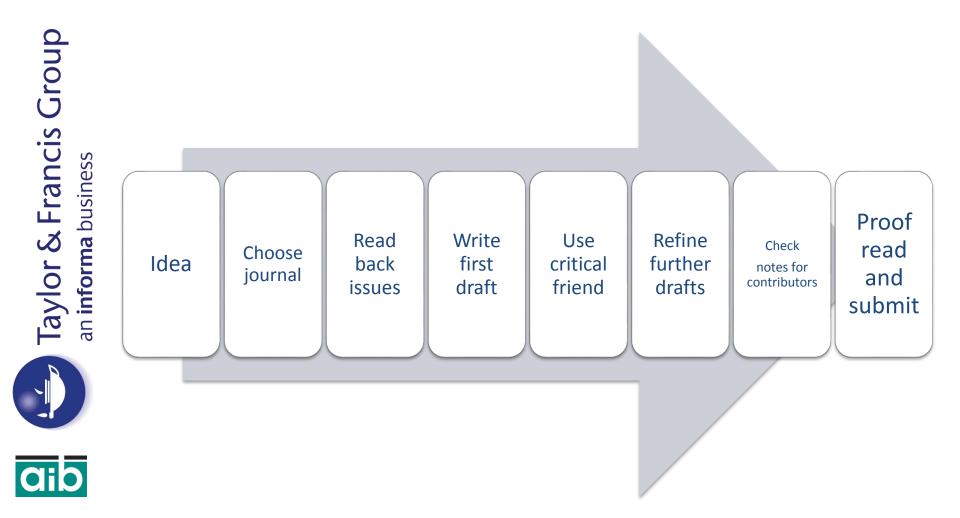
**Full articles**: offering original insights

• **Conference papers**: something to consider if your research project is 'in progress'





#### The stages to go through *before* submitting





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# Choosing the right journal







#### Know your audience



**Tip 1:** A journal article is not a magazine article, a book manuscript or your PhD thesis (but you could write a book review...)

Q. Do you:

A) Write your article for a specific journal?B) Write your article first and then find a journal that's most suitable?



A) Be in the minority:

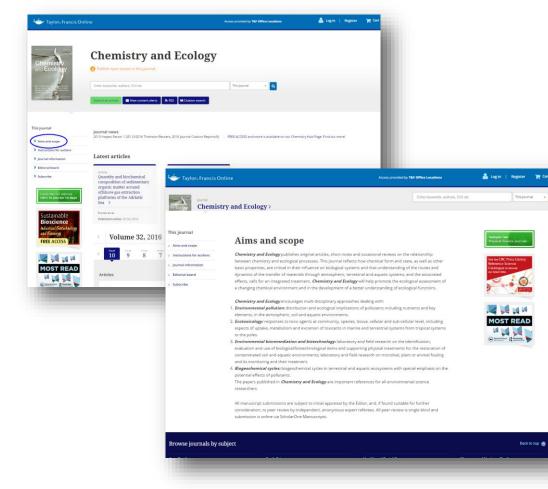
30% of authors write for a specific journal, 70% write the article and panic.







#### Why you should read a journal's 'Aims & Scope'



The 'Aims & Scope' will help you understand what the journal is about, and who it is for.

Find it on the journal page on **tandfonline.com** 

aib



#### Know your audience

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Tip 2: You are joining a conversation with other contributors.

Research the journals in your field:

- ✓ Visit your university library
- ✓ Look at publisher and journal websites
- ✓ Talk to your peers
- Pick your type: generalist or niche, international or region specific?
- ✓ Read (and understand) the journal's Aims and Scope
- ✓ Check www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo





#### Know your audience





**Tip 3**: Ask the right questions and *know* the right answers. Who, or what, is the journal's:

- Editor?
- Editorial board?
- Publisher?
- Authors?
- Society affiliation?
- Readership?
- Online/print?
- Impact Factor?
- Peer review?
- Submission process?
- Open Access policy?





#### Think. Check. Submit.



- A publishing industry initiative which aims to help you make informed choices, and choose trusted journals to publish your research
- Provides you with a toolkit to assess whether the journal you plan to submit to is appropriate for your work, and is also a respected, reputable journal





#### The Think. Check. Submit. checklist

- 1. Do you or your **colleagues know the journal**?
- 2. Is the journal clear about the **type of peer review** that it uses?
- 3. Can you easily identify and contact the publisher?
- 4. Is the publisher a member of a **recognized industry initiative**?



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#### Journal citation metrics

Citation metrics - widely used as measures of *quality* by:

- Librarians
- Tenure & promotion committees
- Grant awarding bodies

- Researchers
- Publishers

In the simplest terms, they calculate the average number of citations over a specified time period.

- Impact Factor / Social Sciences Citation Index
  - SNIP/ Scopus
- Eigenfactor Score



*There are many factors to consider when deciding which journal is right for your paper.* 





#### **New resource: Mastering Metrics**







Navigate the world of scholarly metrics with our guides and resources

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**Article metrics** 



#### FOR RESEARCHERS.

Metrics can help you to choose which journal to submit your work to, and assess the ongoing impact of an individual piece of research (including your own).

#### FOR JOURNAL EDITORS.. Metrics can help you assess your journal's standing in the community, raise your journal's profile, and potentially attract quality submissions.

#### FOR LIBRARIANS..

Metrics can help you to select journals for your institution, and analyze their usage and impact. They can also help you assess the impact of research published by those in your institution.

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#### Journal Metrics Article Metrics





#### http://bit.ly/TF-Mastering-Metrics











1. Making content freely available online to read.

Meaning your article can be read by anyone, anywhere.

2. Making content reusable by third parties with little or no restrictions.







"Open access gives other scholars and students at all educational levels immediate access to your work. It is a form of publication that is totally inclusive ... I like the idea that there might be people in sub-Saharan Africa reading my work, in addition to wellknown scholars in the ivory towers of the world's elite universities. Open access is such a democratising form of publication that, whenever institutional resources allow, I like to pursue it."

Costas Karageorghis,

'Music in the exercise domain: a review and synthesis (Part I)'







#### Our definitions



- publication of the final article (Version of Record)
- article is made freely available online (often but not always after payment of an article publishing charge (APC)

## **Green Open Access**

 Archiving / deposit of an (earlier version of an) article in a repository



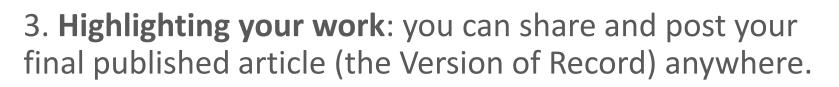




## 4 reasons to publish OA

1. Increased **discoverability**: anyone can read (and cite) your work.

2. Reaching **beyond academia**: it can be easily accessed by people outside your research field, and outside the scholarly community.









### Our OA philosophy



1. Author choice

2. Community collaboration and consultation

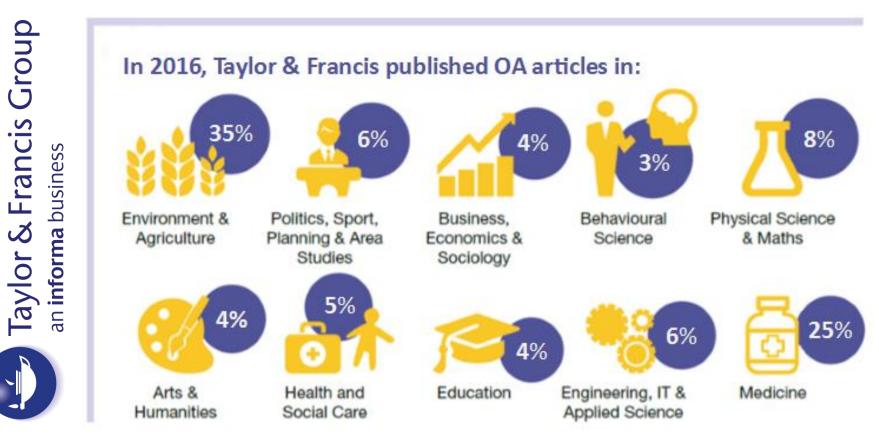


 Commitment to offering the best in OA publishing





## What are we publishing **OA**?



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# Writing for a journal





#### Think like an editor

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"...I think authors need to think 'what is it like to be an editor of a journal? How many papers is the Editor receiving per day, per week? What is going to actually make the journal pay attention to my paper?"

> Monica Taylor, former editor of the Journal of Moral Education









- Look at published papers
- ✓ Fit the Aims & Scope
- ✓ Format your article to the journal
- Know where or who to submit to
- Check spelling and grammar
- Consider English 'polishing'
- ✓ Ask a colleague to read it

## Don't:

- × Overlook the title
- × Rush the abstract
- × Dismiss the Instructions for Authors
- × Ignore the bibliography
- × Leave acronyms unexplained
- × Forget to clear any copyright
- × Miss out attachments (figures, tables,

images)

× Send the incorrect version of your paper





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#### Instructions for Authors

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#### Your title and abstract

Your title and abstract are **your article's 'shop window'** so make it attractive:

- Put what's new / what makes if different at the start
- Think about how someone will search for your research what search terms will they use?
- Use these in your title and abstract to make your article more discoverable (search engine optimization).
- Use clear, concise language that could be understood by someone outside of your field.
- Draw out the main issues you are looking to address in both the title and abstract (but be brief!).









### What makes a good title

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"We would typically expect a strong title, a good title that really expressed what the article was about and made it clear to the reader exactly what the topic was, and it's amazing how often writers neglect to do that."

Professor Mark Brundrett, Editor of *Education 3-13* 







#### What makes a good title?

quardian demographic data ..."

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The original authors chose: 'The Relationship Between Coat Color and Aggressive Behaviors in the Domestic Cat'

What title would you give to this article?

Abstract: "Can the color of a domestic cat indicate how

aggressive it will be? This study used an Internet-based

behaviors toward cats/humans, agonistic behaviors toward

survey to collect information on coat color, affiliative

cats/humans, other "problem" behaviors, and cat and

(Stelow, Bain & Kass; Journal of Applied Animal Welfare Science 19:1, 2016)







#### Taylor & Francis Editing Services







## Making the process of preparing and submitting a manuscript easier.





#### Ethics for authors



*Question:* Submitting a manuscript to more than one journal at a time is:

a) allowed as reviews can take months

b) not allowed in any circumstance

Answer:

b) not allowed in any circumstance







#### Ethics for authors: the essentials

- Be wary of self-plagiarism.
- Don't submit a paper to more than one journal at a time.
- Don't send an incomplete paper just to get feedback.
- Always include and / or acknowledge all co-authors (and let them know you've submitted the paper to be published).
- Always mention any source of funding for your paper.
- If you are using data sets gathered by someone else, check that you have permission to use them in your article.



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Information on ethics in journal publishing: authorservices.taylorandfrancis.com/ethics-for-authors







### Your submission checklist



- A title page file with the names of all authors and co-authors
- Main document file with abstract, keywords, main text and all references
- Figure, image or table files (with permission cleared)



- Any extra files, such as your supplemental material
- Biographical notes
- ✓ Your cover letter







# Peer review





#### What is peer review?

Allows an author's research to be evaluated and commented upon by independent experts.

Which can take different forms:

- **Single-blind review:** where the reviewer's name is hidden from the author.
- **Double-blind review:** where the reviewer's name is hidden from the author and the author's name is hidden from the reviewer.
- **Open review:** where no identities are concealed.
- **Post-publication review:** where comments can be made by readers and reviewers after the article has been published.



*Every article published in a Taylor & Francis journal goes through rigorous peer review.* 





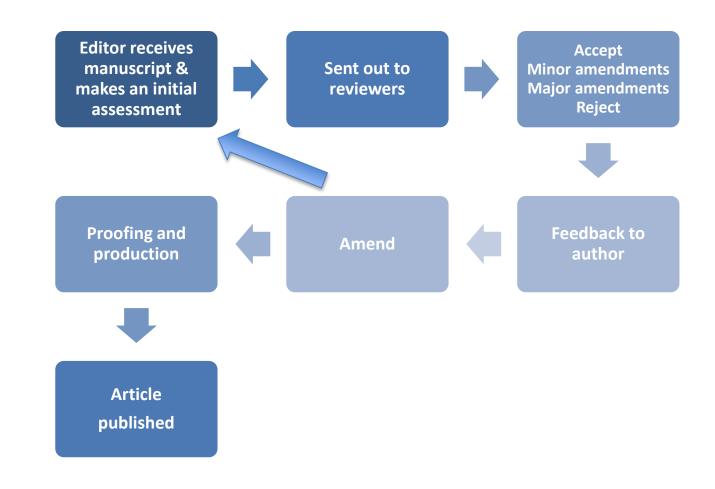


#### Stages of peer review











#### How to handle reviewers' comments

- Try to accept feedback
- Revise as requested
- If you can't explain why
- Turn the paper round on time
- Thank the reviewers for their time

#### If you're responding:

- Be specific
- Defend your position: be assertive and persuasive, not defensive or aggressive

**Don't be afraid to ask the editor for guidance**. A good editor will want to help.



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## What are the top reasons for rejection?





#### Top ten reasons for rejection (what to avoid)

- 1. Sent to the wrong journal, doesn't fit the aims and scope, or fails to engage with issues addressed by the journal.
- 2. Not a true journal article (i.e. too journalistic or clearly a thesis chapter or consultancy report).
- 3. Too long/too short.

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5.

6.

- 4. Poor regard of the journal's conventions, or for academic writing generally.
  - Poor style, grammar, punctuation or English.
  - No contribution to the subject.
- 7. Not properly contextualised.
- 8. Poor theoretical framework.
- 9. Scrappily presented and sloppily proof read.
- **10**. Libellous, unethical, rude or lacks objectivity.





#### What to do if your article is rejected

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- Do nothing for a few days: try to calm down and try not to take it personally.
- You could use the reviewers' comments, alter the paper and submit to another journal.
- If you do submit elsewhere, make sure you alter your paper to the new style of that journal. Editors can easily detect a paper that was submitted to another publication.
- If you are asked to make heavy amendments and resubmit, you must decide if it is worthwhile.









# Congratulations, you're **published**!





#### DIY PR: why you should try it



### "Self-promotion helps personalise the conversation"

Professor Andy Miah,

Chair of Ethics and Emerging Technologies, University of the West of Scotland







#### Maximising your article's impact

Use these tips to maximise the potential of your article to be seen, read, and cited.

- **Post updates** and link to your article on academic and professional networking sites.
- Use social media to post a link to your article and highlight key points.
- Add a brief summary and link to your article on your department website. Then add it to your students' reading lists.
- Think your research is newsworthy? **Speak to your institution's press office**, provide them with a link to your article, and **include them in social media posts**.
- If you are a blogger or have a personal webpage write about your article and link to it. Then write about your post on social media, linking to it and the article.







#### Why use social media?

- Social media drives article downloads
- 7 out of 10 most important factors in **SEO ranking** now come from social media
- Altmetric Attention Scores usually take into account social media attention
- Journalists use Twitter as a major source of news stories



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#### How do researchers use social media?

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More and more academics are using social media to discuss, and promote, their research.







**6** 1



#### Using social media to highlight your research





....



13 1

Sarah Middleton @Sarah\_DPC · May 8 Another splendid article by me & @WilliamKilbride available for you to enjoy from @tandfauthorserv: tandfonline.com/eprint/e36YMVk... #4ceu #costs

#### Collapse

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"Publicizing an article is work, but it's worth it. I have received more emails about my article in the past two months than I have about all my other work in the previous year. Another university has invited me to visit because of my work, and my students are more excited about research because they see the attention it is getting. Not every article I write will be as interesting to the public, but I will definitely be working to do what I can to rustle up some interest in my work in the future."

Russell Warne, Assistant Professor,

Utah Valley University





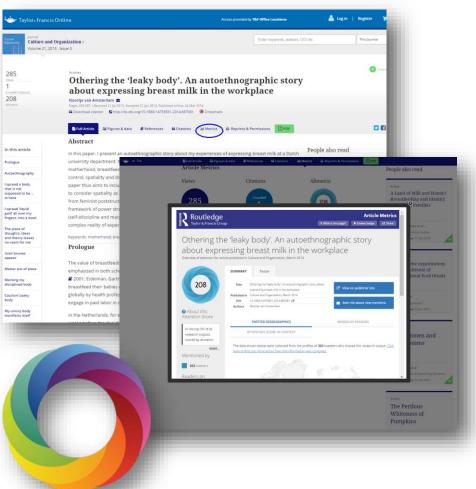
#### Does your article have an Altmetric Attention Score?





Altmetric Attention Scores track the attention that scholarly articles receive online, and specifically via:

- Social media
- Traditional media
- Online reference
   managers
- Policy mentions



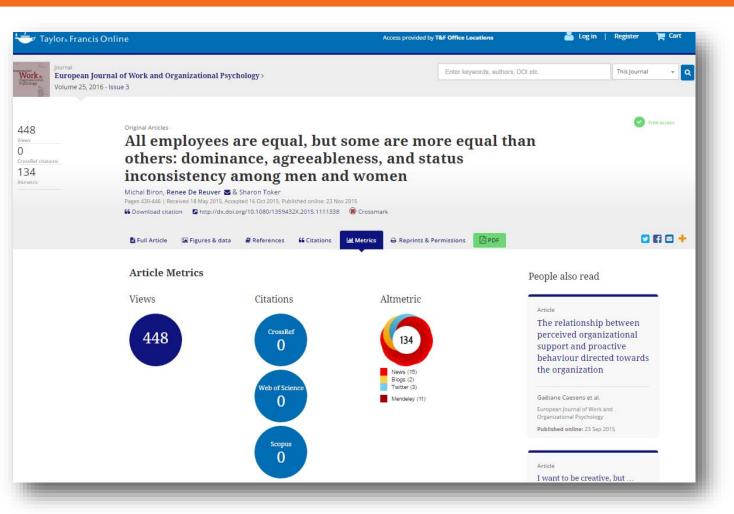


#### Article metrics (and Altmetric Attention Scores)













#### Click on the donut and check the conversation





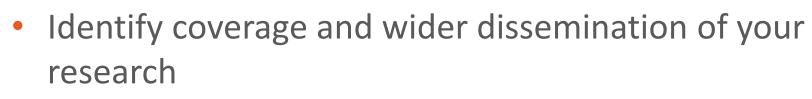


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#### How to use altmetrics to **your advantage**

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- See who is talking about your research
- Monitor other research in your field
- Manage your online reputation



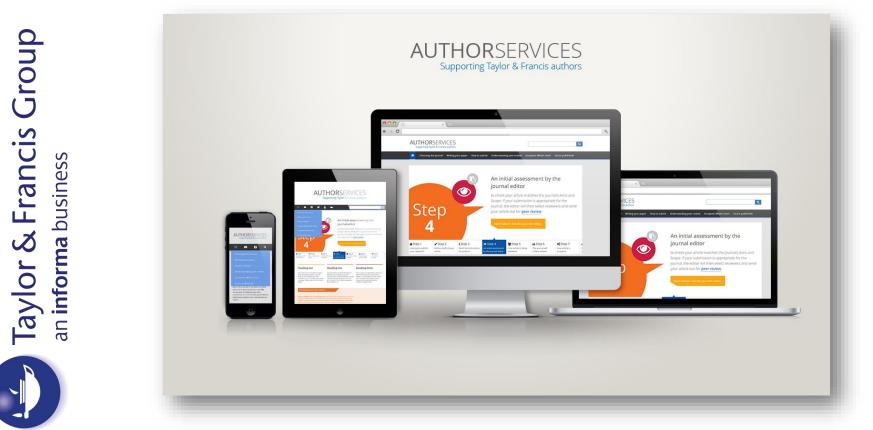
authorservices.taylorandfrancis.com/measuringimpact-with-article-metrics







#### Guidance, news and ideas for authors





#### authorservices.taylorandfrancis.com





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